1. No

2. Do…While

3. The Continue statement in a *for* loop causes the conditional test and increment portions of the loop to execute. For *do* and *while* loops, the continue statement forces the next iteration of the loop to take place and skips any code between the statement and the end of the loop.

4. public int Product(int someValue) => someValue \*= someValue;

5. static void Main(string[] args)

{

int someValue = 6;

int answer;

answer = Product(someValue);

Console.WriteLine(answer);

Console.ReadKey();

}

private static int Product(int someValue)

{

If (someValue >= 0 )

{

Return someValue \*= someValue;

}

Else

{

Return 0;

}

}